WHAT DOES RITUXAN TREAT?

Rheumatoid arthritis (RA): with another prescription medicine called methotrexate, to reduce the signs and symptoms of moderate to severe active RA in adults, after treatment with at least one other medicine called a tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonist has been used and did not work well enough. People with serious infections should not receive Rituxan. It is not known if Rituxan is safe or effective in children.

IMPORTANT SIDE EFFECT INFORMATION

Rituxan can cause serious side effects that can lead to death. These include infusion reactions, severe skin and mouth reactions, hepatitis B virus (HBV) reactivation, and progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML).

For more information, please see pages 14-17 and the enclosed full Prescribing Information, including the Medication Guide.
Indication and Important Safety Information

ACTEMRA is a prescription medicine for adults with moderately to severely active rheumatoid arthritis, or RA. ACTEMRA is used after one or more disease modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs), such as methotrexate, did not provide enough relief.

ACTEMRA can cause serious side effects. ACTEMRA changes the way your immune system works. This can make you more likely to get infections or make any current infection worse. Some people taking ACTEMRA have died from these infections.

ACTEMRA can cause other serious side effects, including stomach infections.

Tell your doctor if you're allergic to ACTEMRA or if you've had a reaction to ACTEMRA previously.

Common side effects include upper respiratory tract infections (like common cold and sinus infections), headache, increased blood pressure (also called hypertension), and injection site reactions. Tell your doctor if you have these or any other side effect that bothers you or does not go away.

To learn more, call 1-877-311-8972 or talk to your doctor. You may report side effects to the FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.FDA.gov/medwatch. You may also call Genentech at 1-888-835-2555.

Serious Side Effects

Tell your doctor right away if you are experiencing any side effects. You may report side effects to the FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.FDA.gov/medwatch. You may also call Genentech at 1-888-835-2555.

Please see full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide, Serious Side Effects, for more Important Safety Information.
UNDERSTANDING RA

Rheumatoid arthritis, or RA, is a chronic disease that occurs when the immune system—which is designed to protect your health by attacking foreign cells such as viruses and bacteria—attacks the body’s own joints and the tissues that line them.

What happens?

◆ This attack by the immune system causes fluid to build up in the joints, which results in pain and inflammation. It can also cause permanent cartilage and bone erosion.

◆ There is no cure for RA, but it can be treated. Research shows that the best way to slow the joint damage caused by RA is early diagnosis and appropriate treatment.

What are the symptoms?

The symptoms of RA can vary from person to person and from day to day.

Symptoms can include:

◆ Swollen joints
◆ Stiff joints
◆ Pain
◆ Low fever

Your joints may also be warm to the touch, and you may experience limited movement. Remember that RA is symmetrical, meaning that a symptom on one side of the body tends to occur in the same location on the other side as well.

Experiencing RA symptoms but still not finding relief?

It may be time for a change in your treatment. Learn more on page 9.
What medicines are used to treat RA?

Some types of medicines used to treat RA are:

- Traditional or nonbiologic disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs) such as methotrexate
- Biologics, including tumor necrosis factor inhibitors (TNFis, also known as anti-TNFs), T-cell costimulation modulators, and B-cell targeted therapy
- Glucocorticoids or steroids such as prednisone
- Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) such as aspirin

What are biologics?

Biologics target specific parts of the immune system that are thought to lead to inflammation and are thought to play a key role in RA. They are usually given to people who have moderate to severe RA. Biologics may not only reduce pain and symptoms, but may also limit the progression and joint damage of RA. Keep in mind that if you are not seeing a response from one biologic, consider talking to your doctor about changing therapies.

What is B-cell targeted therapy?

- B-cells are part of the immune system. They are believed to play an important role in RA
- B-cell targeted therapy targets the specific B-cells that may play a role in RA
- Rituxan® (rituximab) is a B-cell targeted therapy

Serious side effect information

Keep in mind that Rituxan can cause serious side effects that can lead to death, including infusion reactions, severe skin and mouth reactions, hepatitis B virus (HBV) reactivation, and progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML). Please refer to pages 14-17 for more information.

FOR MORE INFORMATION, ASK YOUR DOCTOR FOR A RITUXAN RA RESOURCE KIT. YOU CAN ALSO CALL 1-877-474-8892 OR VISIT WWW.RITUXAN.COM.
The person featured in this brochure who is taking Rituxan is a member of the Rituxan Ambassador program, which is sponsored by Genentech USA, Inc. and Biogen. Genentech compensates the Ambassadors for their time and expense while presenting their stories.

What time is the right time?
The answer to that question can vary from person to person, but there are a number of signs that everyone can look for. For example:

- If you’re having trouble with daily activities
- If you’re experiencing different symptoms
- If your symptoms haven’t improved enough
- If your treatment is losing its effectiveness
- If your symptom relief isn’t lasting as long as you’d like

If you recognize any of these signs, be sure to bring them up at your next appointment. And if you’ve taken an anti-TNF treatment—ask your doctor if Rituxan® (rituximab) could be right for you.*

It’s important to know the possible side effects of Rituxan before considering treatment. To learn more, refer to the Important Side Effect Information section on pages 14-17.

*Common anti-TNF treatments are Cimzia® (certolizumab pegol), Enbrel® (etanercept), Humira® (adalimumab), Remicade® (infliximab), and Simponi® (golimumab). All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.
UP TO 6 MONTHS OF RELIEF WITH RITUXAN

Even if you haven’t been helped enough by an anti-TNF treatment, Rituxan® (rituximab) could work for you. Here are some of the potential benefits, as well as information about possible side effects.

Up to 6 months of RA symptom relief

Rituxan has been shown to work for up to 6 months after 1 course of treatment (2 infusions). In fact, a study showed that at 6 months, 51% of the people taking Rituxan (plus methotrexate) experienced RA symptom improvement (called an ACR20 response) as opposed to 18% of people taking methotrexate alone.

A study also showed that, of the people who saw improvement from their first course of Rituxan (plus methotrexate) and then went on to receive a second course, 54% saw an additional 6 months of improvement (as opposed to 45% of people who received methotrexate alone).

Treat with 4 infusions a year

Rituxan has been shown to work for up to 6 months after 2 infusions given 2 weeks apart. So over a year, you could manage your RA with 4 infusions. Your first infusion typically lasts 4-6 hours. Infusions after your first may take slightly less time, but will still last several hours.

Serious side effect information

Keep in mind that Rituxan can cause some serious and life-threatening side effects. These include tumor lysis syndrome (TLS), serious infections, heart problems, kidney problems, stomach and serious bowel problems that can sometimes lead to death, and low blood cell counts. Please refer to pages 14-17 for more information.

HAYING 2 COURSES OF TREATMENT 6 MONTHS APART HAS HELPED ME STAY ON TRACK.

I WAS LOOKING FOR SOMETHING DIFFERENT, SO MY DOCTOR RECOMMENDED RITUXAN.

Lee | Taking Rituxan with methotrexate to treat his RA

HAVING 2 COURSES OF TREATMENT 6 MONTHS APART HAS HELPED ME STAY ON TRACK.

I WAS LOOKING FOR SOMETHING DIFFERENT, SO MY DOCTOR RECOMMENDED RITUXAN.

Lee | Taking Rituxan with methotrexate to treat his RA

HAVING 2 COURSES OF TREATMENT 6 MONTHS APART HAS HELPED ME STAY ON TRACK.

I WAS LOOKING FOR SOMETHING DIFFERENT, SO MY DOCTOR RECOMMENDED RITUXAN.

Lee | Taking Rituxan with methotrexate to treat his RA

HAVING 2 COURSES OF TREATMENT 6 MONTHS APART HAS HELPED ME STAY ON TRACK.

I WAS LOOKING FOR SOMETHING DIFFERENT, SO MY DOCTOR RECOMMENDED RITUXAN.

Lee | Taking Rituxan with methotrexate to treat his RA

HAVING 2 COURSES OF TREATMENT 6 MONTHS APART HAS HELPED ME STAY ON TRACK.

I WAS LOOKING FOR SOMETHING DIFFERENT, SO MY DOCTOR RECOMMENDED RITUXAN.

Lee | Taking Rituxan with methotrexate to treat his RA

HAVING 2 COURSES OF TREATMENT 6 MONTHS APART HAS HELPED ME STAY ON TRACK.
I was looking for something different, so my doctor recommended Rituxan.

Lee | Taking Rituxan with methotrexate to treat his RA

Having 2 courses of treatment 6 months apart has helped me stay on track.

Lee | Taking Rituxan with methotrexate to treat his RA

Please see the enclosed full prescribing information, including the medication guide, for information on the most serious side effects and additional important side effect information.

Help slow joint damage

Rituxan® (rituximab) can help slow the progression of joint damage caused by RA. Taking Rituxan with methotrexate was shown to be more effective at slowing the progression of joint damage than methotrexate alone. A study showed that following 2 years of treatment with Rituxan (plus methotrexate), 57% of people did not experience any further joint damage. Additionally, for the patients who had no progression in the first year, 87% also had no progression in the second year.

Side effect information

Common side effects during Rituxan treatment include infusion reactions, chills, infections, body aches, tiredness, and low white blood cell count. Other side effects include aching joints during or within hours of receiving an infusion and more frequent upper respiratory tract infections. Please refer to pages 14-17 for more information.

Questions?
SPEAK TO ONE OF OUR CALL CENTER NURSES AT 1-877-474-8892

For more information, ask your doctor for a Rituxan RA Resource Kit.
You can also call 1-877-474-8892 or visit www.rituxan.com.
What is the most important information I should know about Rituxan?

Rituxan® can cause serious side effects that can lead to death, including:

- **Infusion Reactions**: Infusion reactions are the most common side effect of Rituxan treatment. Serious infusion reactions can happen during your infusion or within 24 hours after your infusion
- **Severe Skin and Mouth Reactions**: painful sores or ulcers on your skin, lips, or in your mouth; blisters, peeling skin, rash, or pusles
- **Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Reactivation**: if you have had hepatitis B or are a carrier of hepatitis B virus, receiving Rituxan could cause the virus to become an active infection again
- **Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy (PML)**: A rare, serious brain infection caused by the JC virus

What should I tell my doctor before receiving Rituxan?

Before receiving Rituxan, tell your doctor if you:

- Have had a severe infusion reaction to Rituxan in the past
- Have a history of other medical conditions including:
  - Heart problems
  - Irregular heartbeat
  - Chest pain
  - Lung or kidney problems
- Have had an infection, currently have an infection, or have a weaken immune system
- Have had an infection, currently have an infection, or have a weaken immune system
- Have recently been given a vaccine, plan to get a vaccine, or are in contact with someone who is planning to get a vaccine. You should not get certain vaccines before or after receiving Rituxan. Some types of vaccines can spread to people with a weakened immune system and cause serious problems
- Have taken Rituxan in the past
- Have any other medical conditions
- Are pregnant or planning to become pregnant. Talk to your doctor about effective birth control
- Are breast-feeding or plan to breast-feed
- Are taking any medications, including prescription and nonprescription medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Especially tell your doctor if you take or have taken:
  - A Tumor Necrosis Factor (TNF) inhibitor medicine
  - A Disease Modifying Anti-Rheumatic Drug (DMARD)
What are the possible side effects of Rituxan?

Rituxan can cause serious and life-threatening side effects, including:

- **Tumor Lysis Syndrome (TLS):** TLS is caused by the fast breakdown of cancer cells. TLS can cause you to have kidney failure and the need for dialysis treatment or may cause an abnormal heartbeat
- **Serious Infections:** Serious infections can happen during and after treatment with Rituxan and can lead to death
- **Heart Problems:** Rituxan may cause chest pain and irregular heartbeats, which may need treatment, or your doctor may decide to stop your treatment with Rituxan
- **Kidney Problems:** especially if you are receiving Rituxan for non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL). Your doctor should do blood tests to check how well your kidneys are working
- **Stomach and Serious Bowel Problems That Can Sometimes Lead to Death:** Tell your doctor right away if you have any stomach area pain during treatment with Rituxan
- **Low Blood Cell Counts:** Your doctor may do blood tests during treatment with Rituxan to check your blood cell counts

What are common side effects during treatment with Rituxan?

- Infusion reactions
- Chills
- Infections
- Body aches
- Tiredness
- Low white blood cell counts

Other side effects include:

- Aching joints during or within hours of receiving an infusion
- More frequent upper respiratory tract infections

**IMPORTANT SIDE EFFECT INFORMATION (continued)**

**PLEASE SEE THE ENCLOSED FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE MEDICATION GUIDE, FOR INFORMATION ON THE MOST SERIOUS SIDE EFFECTS AND ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT SIDE EFFECT INFORMATION.**

**TELL YOUR DOCTOR OR HEALTHCARE TEAM ABOUT ANY SIDE EFFECT THAT BOTHERS YOU OR DOES NOT GO AWAY. THESE ARE NOT ALL OF THE POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS WITH RITUXAN. FOR MORE INFORMATION, ASK YOUR DOCTOR OR PHARMACIST. CALL YOUR DOCTOR FOR MEDICAL ADVICE ABOUT SIDE EFFECTS. YOU MAY REPORT SIDE EFFECTS TO THE FDA AT (800) FDA-1088 OR HTTP://WWW.FDA.GOV/MEDWATCH. YOU MAY ALSO REPORT SIDE EFFECTS TO GENENTECH AT (888) 835-2555.**
INSIDE, YOU’LL LEARN:

- Why RA occurs, the symptoms you may feel, and how you can help treat it
- When it may be time to change your RA treatment
- What the potential benefits of Rituxan® (rituximab) with methotrexate are
- About the possible side effects and how they relate to you

FOR MORE INFORMATION, ASK YOUR DOCTOR FOR A RITUXAN RA RESOURCE KIT.
PLEASE SEE THE ENCLOSED FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE MEDICATION GUIDE, FOR INFORMATION ON THE MOST SERIOUS SIDE EFFECTS AND ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT SIDE EFFECT INFORMATION.